

First Aid Policy June 2024

Statutory or non-statutory:	Non-statutory
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1. Aims

The aims of our first aid policy are to:

- > Ensure the health and safety of all staff, pupils and visitors
- Ensure that staff and governors are aware of their responsibilities with regards to health and safety
- Provide a framework for responding to an incident and recording and reporting the outcomes.

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education on <u>first aid in schools</u> and <u>health and</u> <u>safety in schools</u>, and guidance from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) on <u>incident reporting in schools</u>, and the following legislation:

- The Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981, which state that employers must provide adequate and appropriate equipment and facilities to enable first aid to be administered to employees, and qualified first aid personnel.
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992, which require employers to make an assessment of the risks to the health and safety of their employees.
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training.
- The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 2013, which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept.
- Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, which set out rules on the retention of accident records.
- The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014, which require that suitable space is provided to cater for the medical and therapy needs of pupils.

This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 Appointed person(s) and first aiders

The school ensures that it has an appropriate number of 3 day and 1 day trained first aiders who have completed their training within the required time period. They are responsible for:

- Taking charge when someone is injured or becomes ill
- Acting as first responders to any incidents; they will assess the situation where there is an injured or ill person, and provide immediate and appropriate treatment
- Sending students home to recover, where necessary
- Filling in an accident report on the same day, or as soon as is reasonably practicable, after an incident (see the template in appendix 2)
- Ensuring that an ambulance or other professional medical help is summoned when appropriate.

An agreed first aider will:

Ensure there is an adequate supply of medical materials in first aid kits, and replenishing the contents of these kits

Our school's first aiders are listed in appendix 1. Their names will also be displayed prominently around the school.

3.2 The governing board

The governing board has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school, but delegates operational matters and day-to-day tasks to the headteacher and staff members.

3.3 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for the implementation of this policy, including:

- > Ensuring appropriate risk assessments are completed and appropriate measures are put in place
- Ensuring that adequate space is available for catering to the medical needs of pupils
- Reporting specified incidents to the HSE when necessary (see section 6)

3.3 The member of SLT with responsibility for the first aid policy

The following responsibilities are delegated to the member of SLT with responsibility for the First Aid Policy:

- Ensuring that an appropriate number of trained first aiders are present in the school at all times
- Ensuring that first aiders have an appropriate qualification, keep training up to date and remain competent to perform their role
- Ensuring all staff are aware of first aid procedures
- > Ensuring appropriate risk assessments are completed and appropriate measures are put in place
- Undertaking, or ensuring that managers undertake, risk assessments, as appropriate, and that appropriate measures are put in place.

3.4 Staff

School staff are responsible for:

- Ensuring they follow first aid procedures
- Ensuring they know who the first aiders in school are
- Completing accident reports (see appendix 2) for all incidents they attend to where a first aider is not called
- Informing the headteacher or their line manager of any specific health conditions or first aid needs

4. First aid procedures

4.1 In-school procedures

In the event of an accident resulting in injury:

- The closest member of staff present will assess the seriousness of the injury and seek the assistance of a qualified first aider, if appropriate, who will provide the required first aid treatment
- The first aider, if called, will assess the injury, and decide if further assistance is needed from a colleague or the emergency services. They will remain on the scene until help arrives.
- The first aider will also decide whether the injured person should be moved or placed in a recovery position.
- If the first aider judges that a student is too unwell or injured to remain in school, their parents / carers will be contacted and asked to collect their child. Upon their arrival, the first aider will recommend next steps to the parents.
- If emergency services are called, an appropriate member of staff (SLT, admin team or pastoral team) will contact parents immediately.
- The first aider will complete an accident report form on the same day or as soon as is reasonably practical after an incident resulting in an injury. Where they have provided a first aid assessment or treatment in relation to an injury or accident that has not occurred on site or while on a school organised activity, this will be recorded on iAM Compliant.

4.2 Off-site procedures

When taking pupils off the school premises, staff will ensure they always have the following:

- A school mobile phone
- A portable first aid kit including, at minimum:
 - o A leaflet giving general advice on first aid
 - o 6 individually wrapped sterile adhesive dressings
 - o 1 large sterile unmedicated dressing
 - o 2 triangular bandages individually wrapped and preferably sterile
 - 2 safety pins
 - o Individually wrapped moist cleansing wipes
 - o 2 pairs of disposable gloves
- Information about the specific medical needs of students involved in the activity
- Parents' contact details

When transporting pupils using a minibus or other large vehicle, the school will make sure the vehicle is equipped with a clearly marked first aid box containing, at minimum:

- 10 antiseptic wipes, foil packed
- 1 conforming disposable bandage (not less than 7.5cm wide)
- 2 triangular bandages
- 1 packet of 24 assorted adhesive dressings
- 3 large sterile unmedicated ambulance dressings (not less than 15cm × 20 cm)
- 2 sterile eye pads, with attachments

- 12 assorted safety pins
- 1 pair of rustproof blunt ended scissors

Risk assessments will be completed by the trip organiser prior to any educational visit that necessitates taking students off school premises. This will be checked and overseen by the School Administrator and member of SLT with responsibility for School Visits.

There will always be at least 1 first aider on school trips and visits.

5. First aid equipment

A typical first aid kit in our school will include the following:

- A leaflet giving general advice on first aid
- 20 individually wrapped sterile adhesive dressings (assorted sizes)
- 2 sterile eye pads
- 2 individually wrapped triangular bandages (preferably sterile)
- 6 safety pins
- 6 medium-sized individually wrapped sterile unmedicated wound dressings
- 2 large sterile individually wrapped unmedicated wound dressings
- 3 pairs of disposable gloves

No medication is kept in first aid kits.

First aid kits are stored in:

- > The Base
- > Reception (at the desk)
- > All science labs
- All design and technology classrooms
- The school kitchens

In line with government guidance the school also has a spare adrenaline auto-injector (AAI) which is located in the main office in case a student suffers an anaphylactic shock. This can be administered to students at risk of anaphylaxis where both medical authorisation and written parental consent for use of the spare AAI have been provided.

The school also has a defibrillator which is located outside the changing rooms on the main yard.

First-aiders receive training in the use of adrenaline auto-injectors and defibrillators as part of their first-aid training.

6. Record-keeping and reporting

6.1 First aid and accident record book

An accident form will be completed on iAM Compliant by the first aider on the same day or as soon as possible after an incident resulting in an injury

- As much detail as possible should be supplied when reporting an accident, including all the information included in the accident form at appendix 2
- A copy of the accident report form will also be added to the pupil's educational record by the School Administrator
- Records held on iAM Compliant will be retained by the school for a minimum of 3 years, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, and then securely disposed of. Record keeping will also comply with the requirements of our school insurance policy.
- The School Operations Manager will compile a weekly audit of accidents and incidents requiring first-aid to review at SLT meetings. Incidents are also reviewed each half-term to discern trends and update relevant risk assessments.
- Each first Aid report will be reviewed and followed up by the School Operations Manager to ensure all details and injuries/accidents have been recorded and recorded correctly.
- Any hospitalisation staff or pupil to be communicated to Trust via Emergency@whptrust.org

6.2 Notifying parents

The first aider or another appropriate person will inform parents of any accident or injury sustained by a pupil, and any first aid treatment given, on the same day, or as soon as reasonably practicable. Parents will also be informed if emergency services are called.

With any head bangs/bumps, a phone call will be made home and then a link to NHS advice on head injuries will also be sent via email, to ensure parents have all the details needed for treatment.

6.3 Reporting to the HSE

The Operations Manager will keep a record of any accident which results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The Headteacher will report these to the HSE as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident – except where indicated below. Fatal and major injuries and dangerous occurrences will be reported without delay (i.e. by telephone) and followed up in writing within 10 days.

School staff: reportable injuries, diseases, or dangerous occurrences

These include:

- Death
- > Specified injuries, which are:
 - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs, and toes
 - Amputations
 - Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
 - Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
 - Serious burns (including scalding) which:
 - o Covers more than 10% of the whole body's total surface area; or
 - o Causes significant damage to the eyes, respiratory system or other vital organs

- · Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
- Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
- Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours.
- Work-related injuries that lead to an employee being away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days (not including the day of the incident). In this case, the Headteacher will report these to the HSE as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event within 15 days of the accident.
- Occupational diseases where a doctor has made a written diagnosis that the disease is linked to occupational exposure. These include:
 - o Carpal tunnel syndrome
 - Severe cramp of the hand or forearm
 - Occupational dermatitis, e.g. from exposure to strong acids or alkalis, including domestic bleach
 - o Hand-arm vibration syndrome
 - o Occupational asthma, e.g. from wood dust
 - o Tendonitis or tenosynovitis of the hand or forearm
 - o Any occupational cancer
 - o Any disease attributed to an occupational exposure to a biological agent.
- Near-miss events that do not result in an injury but could have done. Examples of near-miss events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
 - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
 - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
 - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
 - An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion.

Pupils and other people who are not at work (e.g. visitors): reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences

These include:

- Death of a person that arose from, or was in connection with, a work activity*
- An injury that arose from, or was in connection with, a work activity* and the person is taken directly from the scene of the accident to hospital for treatment
- *An accident "arises out of" or is "connected with a work activity" if it was caused by:
- A failure in the way a work activity was organised (e.g. inadequate supervision of a field trip)
- The way equipment or substances were used (e.g. lifts, machinery, experiments etc); and/or
- The condition of the premises (e.g. poorly maintained or slippery floors)

Any reportable incidents will be reported using the following guidance:

How to make a RIDDOR report, HSE

6.4 Reporting to Ofsted and child protection agencies (early years only)

The Headteacher will notify Ofsted of any serious accident, illness, or injury to, or death of, a pupil while in the school's care. This will happen as soon as is reasonably practicable, and no later than 14 days after the incident.

The Headteacher will also notify Nottinghamshire County Council safeguarding services of any serious accident or injury to, or the death of, a pupil while in the school's care.

7. Training

All first aiders must have completed a training course and must hold a valid certificate of competence to show this. The school will keep a register of all trained first aiders, what training they have received and when this is valid until (see appendix 3).

The school will arrange for first aiders to retrain before their first aid certificates expire. In cases where a certificate expires, the school will arrange for staff to retake the full first aid course before being reinstated as a first aider.

8. Monitoring arrangements

This policy will be reviewed by the Operations Manager annually.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the Local Governing Body.

9. Links with other policies

This first aid policy is linked to the:

- Health and safety policy
- Risk assessment policy
- Policy on supporting pupils with medical conditions
- Medicines Policy

10. Incident Reporting - video - user guide iAM Compliant

https://app.iamcompliant.com/1667392732/incident-book